# Session: 2019-20 M.COM.- FIRST YEAR (II SEMESTER)

CORPORATE FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING (I-2002)

UNIT – I : AMALGAMATION & RECONSTRUCTION

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#### LEARNING OBJECTIVES

After you have gone through this unit, you should be able to describe –

- Meaning of Amalgamation & Absorption;
- Types of Amalgamation & Reconstruction;
- Difference between 'Amalgamation in the nature of Merger' and 'Amalgamation in the nature of Purchase';
- Purchase Consideration and its methods;
- Accounting treatment in the books of Transferor Company (Vendor) and Transferee Company (Buyer);
- Difference between 'External Reconstruction' and 'Amalgamation';
- Accounting for External Reconstruction

#### (IV) REDUCTION OF SHARE CAPITAL

- *Normally*, internal reconstruction involves reduction of share capital.
- It becomes necessary under following circumstances –
- 1. Where share capital is inflated.
- 2. Company is incapable to repay its debts.
- 3. Assets do not present true book values.
- 4. The financial position of the company does not show a true and fair view.

#### LEGAL REQUIREMENTS

It can be carried out by a company -

- (i) only when it is authorised by its Articles of Association and
- (ii) a special resolution is passed to that effect.
- (iii) Followed by, confirmation of the Tribunal.

#### (IV) REDUCTION OF SHARE CAPITAL

When it involves **variation of rights of different classes of shares** then following legal provisions are of worth consideration which are to be followed –

- 1. The consent of holders of at least three-fourth (75%) of the shares of the class concerned must be obtained at a separate meeting of the affected class of shareholders by means of a resolution or in writing.
- 2. If unsatisfied, holders of **at least one-tenth (10%)** of the issued shares of the affected class of shareholders may apply to the Tribunal for the **cancellation of such variation**, **within 21 days** after securing such consent.
- 3. In such case, **variation will not have effect <u>unless</u>** it is confirmed by the Tribunal.

#### FORMS OF CAPITAL REDUCTION

1. Extinguishing or Reducing the liability in respect of unpaid amount on shares held by shareholders: In such case, only partly paid shares (say, 100,000 shares) become fully paid by reducing the face value (say, Rs.10) of the shares to the level of their paid-up value (say, Rs.7).

## ACCOUNTING TREATMENT (OPTIONAL)

DATE	PARTICULARS	L. F.	DEBIT	CREDIT
	Share Capital (Partly paid-up) A/c Dr.		7,00,000	
	To Share Capital (Fully paid-up) A/c			7,00,000

#### FORMS OF CAPITAL REDUCTION

#### 2. Paying off the surplus or excess paid-up capital:

- ▶ Surplus or excess paid-up capital means that paid-up capital which is **in excess of the needs** of the company.
- ▶ If the co. is in arrears in the repayment of –
- (i) any deposits **accepted by it** (either before or after the commencement of this Act) *or*
- (ii) the interest payable on them,

then no such reduction of capital can be made by the company.

#### WAYS / TYPES OF PAYING OFF THE SURPLUS PAID-UP CAPITAL

- (A) WITHOUT REDUCING THE FACE VALUE OF SHARES
- (B) BY REDUCING THE FACE VALUE OF SHARES
- (C) CANCELLING THE PAID-UP CAPITAL

### (A) WITHOUT REDUCING THE FACE VALUE OF SHARES

#### **Accounting Treatment**

DATE	PARTICULARS		L. F.	DEBIT	CREDIT
	Share Capital A/c	Dr.		3,00,000	
	To Sundry Shareholders A/c (With the amount to be paid off)				3,00,000
	Sundry Shareholders A/c	Dr.		3,00,000	
	To Bank A/c (With the amount paid off)				3,00,000

**Note:** In this case, the company shall have the **right to call up in future** the amount paid off (as mentioned above) on the shares.

#### (B) BY REDUCING THE FACE VALUE OF SHARES

#### **Accounting Treatment**

D A T E	PARTICULARS	L F		CREDIT
	Share Capital [Old Face Value (Rs.10)] A/c I (With total amount of old capital)	Dr.	10,00,000	
	To Share Capital [New Face Value (Rs.7)] A/c (With the amount to be kept as new capital) To Sundry Shareholders A/c (With the amount to be paid off)	c		7,00,000 3,00,000
	Sundry Shareholders A/c Dr.		3,00,000	
	To Bank A/c (With the amount paid off)			3,00,000

**Note:** In this case, the company shall **NOT** have any **right to call up in future** the amount paid off (as mentioned above) on the shares.

For this purpose –

- (1) a meeting of **different classes of shareholders** is called up and
- (2) they are made to agree to sacrifice their claims to certain extent and
- (3) their sacrifices are utilised to
  - (i) write-off the accumulated losses and fictitious assets and
  - (ii) to adjust the over-valuation of assets.
- (4) For this purpose, a new account, called Capital Reduction Account (or Reconstruction Account or Reorganization Account)\* is opened to which sacrifices of shareholders are credited and through which accumulated losses and fictitious assets are written off and over-valuations of assets adjusted.

**NOTES**: **1.** The preparation of **Reconstruction Account\*** is preferred when –

- **debenture-holders and creditors** also have to accept some reduction in their claims in addition to the shareholders and/or
- where there is **appreciation in the value** of **any asset**.
- 2. The amount credited to the **Capital Reduction Account** will be utilized for writing off
- (i) accumulated losses,
- (ii) fictitious assets and
- (iii) over-valuation of assets and
- (iv) the balance, if any, of this account will be transferred to **Capital reserve Account**.

#### **Accounting Treatment**

CASE: I

If **only paid-up value** of the shares is **reduced** and the **nominal value** of the share **remains the same**: For example, if the shareholders (possessing 1,00,000 shares) agree to reduce the paid-up value of Rs.10 **fully paid** share to a share of Rs. 2 paid-up and thereby sacrifice Rs.8 per share.

DATE	PARTICULARS		L.F.	DEBIT	CREDIT
	Share Capital A/c (With total amount of reduction, i.e. Rs.8 per share)	Dr.		8,00,000	
	To Capital Reduction A/c				8,00,000

#### **Accounting Treatment**

**CASE: II** 

If both, **paid-up value** and the **nominal value** of the share, are **reduced**: For example, if the shareholders (possessing 10,000 shares) agree to take Rs.10 **fully paid** shares **in exchange of** Rs. 50 **fully paid** share and thereby sacrifice Rs.40 per share.

DATE	PARTICULARS	L.F.	DEBIT	CREDIT
	Share Capital A/c (Rs.50 share) Dr.		5,00,000	
	To Share Capital A/c (Rs.10 share) To Capital Reduction A/c (Rs.40 per sh.)			1,00,000 4,00,000

**Note**: After permitting the scheme of capital reduction, the Tribunal **may order** the use of words **"and reduced" after the name of the company** for such period as it deems fit.

#### REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Warren/Reeve/Duchac's Corporate Financial Accounting 13E and CengageNOW™v2! Market-leading Corporate Financial Accounting (ISBN-13: 978-1285868783 ISBN-10: 1285868781)
- 2. International Journal of Accounting and Finance (ISSN online:1752-8232 ISSN print: 1752-8224)
- 3. Shukla S.M. & Gupta K.L., Corporate Financial Accounting (Sahitya Bhawan Publications)
- 4. Gupta K.G., Corporate Financial Accounting (K.G.Publications)
- 5. Gupta R.L. Advanced Financial Accounting, (S.Chand & Co.)

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- 6. Maheshwari S.N., Advanced Accounting Vol.II, (Vikas Publishing House)
- 7. Shukla M.C. & T.S.Grewal, Advanced Accountancy (Sultan Chand & Co.)
- 8. Jain & Narang, Financial Accounting (Kalyani Publishers)

## THANKS!